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## I

(Acts whose publication is obligatory)

## COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2697/91

of 12 September 1991

fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,  
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3577/90<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 13 (5) thereof,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy<sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90<sup>(4)</sup>, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the import levies on cereals, wheat and rye flour, and wheat groats and meal were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2661/91<sup>(5)</sup> and subsequent amending Regulations;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in

the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 11 September 1991;

Whereas the aforesaid corrective factor affects the entire calculation basis for the levies, including the equivalence coefficients;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules contained in Regulation (EEC) No 2661/91 to today's offer prices and quotations known to the Commission that the levies at present in force should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The import levies to be charged on products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 September 1991.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

(<sup>1</sup>) OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.  
(<sup>2</sup>) OJ No L 353, 17. 12. 1990, p. 23.  
(<sup>3</sup>) OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.  
(<sup>4</sup>) OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.  
(<sup>5</sup>) OJ No L 250, 7. 9. 1991, p. 1.

## ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 September 1991 fixing the import levies on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

CN code	Levy (ECU/tonne)
0709 90 60	132,73 <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>
0712 90 19	132,73 <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>
1001 10 10	176,70 <sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(2)</sup>
1001 10 90	176,70 <sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(2)</sup>
1001 90 91	159,65
1001 90 99	159,65
1002 00 00	159,92 <sup>(6)</sup>
1003 00 10	141,56
1003 00 90	141,56
1004 00 10	118,22
1004 00 90	118,22
1005 10 90	132,73 <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>
1005 90 00	132,73 <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>
1007 00 90	141,57 <sup>(4)</sup>
1008 10 00	48,53
1008 20 00	120,00 <sup>(4)</sup>
1008 30 00	37,79 <sup>(5)</sup>
1008 90 10	<sup>(7)</sup>
1008 90 90	37,79
1101 00 00	237,39 <sup>(8)</sup>
1102 10 00	236,89 <sup>(8)</sup>
1103 11 10	288,11 <sup>(8)</sup>
1103 11 90	256,04 <sup>(8)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Where durum wheat originating in Morocco is transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,60/tonne.

<sup>(2)</sup> In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 715/90 the levies are not applied to products imported directly into the French overseas departments, originating in the African, Caribbean and Pacific States or in the 'overseas countries and territories'.

<sup>(3)</sup> Where maize originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is reduced by ECU 1,81/tonne.

<sup>(4)</sup> Where millet and sorghum originating in the ACP or OCT is imported into the Community the levy is applied in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 715/90.

<sup>(5)</sup> Where durum wheat and canary seed produced in Turkey are transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy is reduced by ECU 0,60/tonne.

<sup>(6)</sup> The import levy charged on rye produced in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community is laid down in Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 (OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10) and Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2622/71 (OJ No L 271, 10. 12. 1971, p. 22).

<sup>(7)</sup> The levy applicable to rye shall be charged on imports of the product falling within CN code 1008 90 10 (triticale).

<sup>(8)</sup> On importation into Portugal the levy is increased by the amount specified in Article 2 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3808/90.

## COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2698/91

of 12 September 1991

fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3577/90<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 15 (6) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85 of 11 June 1985 on the value of the unit of account and the exchange rates to be applied for the purposes of the common agricultural policy<sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90<sup>(4)</sup>, and in particular Article 3 thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas the premiums to be added to the levies on cereals and malt were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1845/91<sup>(5)</sup> and subsequent amending Regulation;

Whereas, if the levy system is to operate normally, levies should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85,

- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas these exchange rates being those recorded on 11 September 1991;

Whereas, on the basis of today's cif prices and cif forward delivery prices, the premiums at present in force, which are to be added to the levies, should be altered to the amounts set out in the Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The premiums referred to in Article 15 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 to be added to the import levies fixed in advance in respect of cereals and malt coming from third countries shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 September 1991.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

*For the Commission*

Ray MAC SHARRY

*Member of the Commission*

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 353, 17. 12. 1990, p. 23.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 168, 29. 6. 1991, p. 4.

## ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 September 1991 fixing the premiums to be added to the import levies on cereals, flour and malt

## A. Cereals and flour

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12
0709 90 60	0	0	0	0
0712 90 19	0	0	0	0
1001 10 10	0	0	0	0
1001 10 90	0	0	0	0
1001 90 91	0	0	0	0
1001 90 99	0	0	0	0
1002 00 00	0	0	0	0
1003 00 10	0	0	0	0
1003 00 90	0	0	0	0
1004 00 10	0	0,74	0,74	0,74
1004 00 90	0	0,74	0,74	0,74
1005 10 90	0	0	0	0
1005 90 00	0	0	0	0
1007 00 90	0	0	0	0
1008 10 00	0	0	0	0
1008 20 00	0	0	0	0
1008 30 00	0	10,89	10,89	10,89
1008 90 90	0	10,89	10,89	10,89
1101 00 00	0	0	0	0

## B. Malt

(ECU/tonne)

CN code	Current 9	1st period 10	2nd period 11	3rd period 12	4th period 1
1107 10 11	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 19	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 91	0	0	0	0	0
1107 10 99	0	0	0	0	0
1107 20 00	0	0	0	0	0

## COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2699/91

of 12 September 1991

fixing the minimum levies on the importation of olive oil and levies on the importation of other olive oil sector products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation No 136/66/EEC of 22 September 1966 on the establishment of a common organization of the market in oils and fats<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1720/91<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 16 (2) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1514/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Algeria<sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 728/91<sup>(4)</sup>, and in particular Article 5 thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1521/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Morocco<sup>(5)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 729/91<sup>(6)</sup>, and in particular Article 5 thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1508/76 of 24 June 1976 on imports of olive oil originating in Tunisia<sup>(7)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 413/86<sup>(8)</sup>, and in particular Article 5 thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1180/77 of 17 May 1977 on imports into the Community of certain agricultural products originating in Turkey<sup>(9)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 730/91<sup>(10)</sup>, and in particular Article 10 (2) thereof,Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1620/77 of 18 July 1977 laying down detailed rules for the importation of olive oil from Lebanon<sup>(11)</sup>,Whereas by Regulation (EEC) No 3131/78<sup>(12)</sup>, as amended by the Act of Accession of Greece, the Commission decided to use the tendering procedure to fix levies on olive oil;Whereas Article 3 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2751/78 of 23 November 1978 laying down general rules for fixing the import levy on olive oil by tender<sup>(13)</sup> specifies that the minimum levy rate shall be fixed for each of the products concerned on the basis of the situation on the world market and the Community market and of the levy rates indicated by tenderers;

Whereas, in the collection of the levy, account should be taken of the provisions in the Agreements between the Community and certain third countries; whereas in particular the levy applicable for those countries must be fixed, taking as a basis for calculation the levy to be collected on imports from the other third countries;

Whereas application of the rules recalled above to the levy rates indicated by tenderers on 9 and 10 September 1991 leads to the minimum levies being fixed as indicated in Annex I to this Regulation;

Whereas the import levy on olives falling within 29 codes 0709 90 39 and 0711 20 90 and on products falling within CN codes 1522 00 31, 1522 00 39 and 2306 90 19 must be calculated from the minimum levy applicable on the olive oil contained in these products; whereas, however, the levy charged for olive oil may not be less than an amount equal to 8 % of the value of the imported product, such amount to be fixed at a standard rate; whereas application of these provisions leads to the levies being fixed as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The minimum levies on olive oil imports are fixed in Annex I.

*Article 2*

The levies applicable on imports of other olive oil sector products are fixed in Annex II.

*Article 3*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 September 1991.

<sup>(13)</sup> OJ No L 331, 28. 11. 1978, p. 6.<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No 172, 30. 9. 1966, p. 3025/66.<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 162, 26. 6. 1991, p. 27.<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 24.<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 80, 27. 3. 1991, p. 1.<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 43.<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 80, 27. 3. 1991, p. 2.<sup>(7)</sup> OJ No L 169, 28. 6. 1976, p. 9.<sup>(8)</sup> OJ No L 48, 26. 2. 1986, p. 1.<sup>(9)</sup> OJ No L 142, 9. 6. 1977, p. 10.<sup>(10)</sup> OJ No L 80, 27. 3. 1991, p. 3.<sup>(11)</sup> OJ No L 181, 21. 7. 1977, p. 4.<sup>(12)</sup> OJ No L 370, 30. 12. 1978, p. 60.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

*For the Commission*

Ray MAC SHARRY

*Member of the Commission*

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## ANNEX I

## Minimum import levies on olive oil

(ECU/100 kg)	
CN code	Non-member countries
1509 10 10	77,00 <sup>(1)</sup>
1509 10 90	77,00 <sup>(1)</sup>
1509 90 00	89,00 <sup>(2)</sup>
1510 00 10	77,00 <sup>(1)</sup>
1510 00 90	122,00 <sup>(3)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> For imports of oil falling within this CN code and produced entirely in one of the countries listed below and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by :

- (a) Lebanon : ECU 0,60 per 100 kg ;
- (b) Tunisia : ECU 12,69 per 100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;
- (c) Turkey : ECU 22,36 per 100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force ;
- (d) Algeria and Morocco : ECU 24,78 per 100 kg provided that the operator furnishes proof of having paid the export tax applied by that country ; however, the repayment may not exceed the amount of the tax in force.

<sup>(2)</sup> For imports of oil falling within this CN code :

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by ECU 3,86 per 100 kg ;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by ECU 3,09 per 100 kg.

<sup>(3)</sup> For imports of oil falling within this CN code :

- (a) produced entirely in Algeria, Morocco or Tunisia and transported directly from any of those countries to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by ECU 7,25 per 100 kg ;
- (b) produced entirely in Turkey and transported directly from that country to the Community, the levy to be collected is reduced by ECU 5,80 per 100 kg.

## ANNEX II

## Import levies on other olive oil sector products

(ECU/100 kg)	
CN code	Non-member countries
0709 90 39	16,94
0711 20 90	16,94
1522 00 31	38,50
1522 00 39	61,60
2306 90 19	6,16

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2700/91**  
**of 12 September 1991**  
**amending Regulation (EEC) No 2689/91 fixing the export refunds on white sugar**  
**and raw sugar exported in the natural state**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector <sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 464/91 <sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular the first subparagraph of Article 19 (4) thereof,

Whereas the refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2689/91 <sup>(3)</sup>;

Whereas a check has shown that an error was made in the Annex to that Regulation; whereas the Annex to Regula-

tion (EEC) No 2424/91 is not identical to that put before the Management Committee concerned for opinion; whereas the Regulation should therefore be corrected,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 2689/91 is hereby replaced by the Annex to this Regulation.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 12 September 1991.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

*For the Commission*

Ray MAC SHARRY

*Member of the Commission*

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 54, 28. 2. 1991, p. 22.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 255, 12. 9. 1991, p. 5.

## ANNEX

amending Regulation (EEC) No 2689/91 fixing the export refunds on white sugar and raw sugar exported in the natural state

(ECU)

Product code	Amount of refund	
	per 100 kg	per percentage point of sucrose content and per 100 kg net of the product in question
1701 11 90 100	33,62 <sup>(1)</sup>	
1701 11 90 910	34,21 <sup>(1)</sup>	
1701 11 90 950	<sup>(2)</sup>	
1701 12 90 100	33,62 <sup>(1)</sup>	
1701 12 90 910	34,21 <sup>(1)</sup>	
1701 12 90 950	<sup>(2)</sup>	
1701 91 00 000		0,3655
1701 99 10 100	36,55	
1701 99 10 910	37,19	
1701 99 10 950	34,69	
1701 99 90 100		0,3655

<sup>(1)</sup> Applicable to raw sugar with a yield of 92 % ; if the yield is other than 92 %, the refund applicable is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 766/68.

<sup>(2)</sup> Fixing suspended by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2689/85 (OJ No L 255, 26. 9. 1985, p. 12), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3251/85 (OJ No L 309, 21. 11. 1985, p. 14).

## COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2701/91

of 12 September 1991

fixing for Great Britain the level of the variable slaughter premium for sheep  
and the amounts to be charged on products leaving region 1

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 of 25 September 1989 on the common organization of the market in sheepmeat and goatmeat<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1741/91<sup>(2)</sup>,

Having regard to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 of 8 June 1984 laying down detailed rules for applying the variable slaughter premium for sheep and repealing Regulation (EEC) No 2661/80<sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1075/89<sup>(4)</sup>, and in particular Articles 3 (1) and 4 (1) thereof,

Whereas the United Kingdom is the only country which grants the variable slaughter premium, in region 5, within the meaning of Article 22 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 whereas it is necessary therefore for the Commission to fix, for the week beginning the 19 August 1991, the level of the premium and the amount to be charged on products leaving that region;

Whereas Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 stipulates that the level of the variable slaughter premium is to be fixed each week by the Commission;

Whereas Article 4 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 lays down that the amount to be charged on products leaving region 1 shall be fixed weekly by the Commission;

Whereas in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3618/89 of 1 December 1989 on the application of the guarantee limitation arrangements for sheepmeat and goatmeat<sup>(5)</sup> the weekly amounts of the guide level are set out pursuant to Article 25 of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89;

Whereas, pursuant to the provisions of Article 24 (2) and (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89, for the week beginning the 19 August 1991, the variable slaughter premium for sheep certified as eligible in the United Kingdom is to be in accordance with the amounts fixed in the Annexes hereto; whereas, for that week, in the light of the Judgment of the Court of Justice of 2 February 1988 in Case 61/86, the provisions of Article 9 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 and of Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 lead to the amounts to be charged on products, leaving region 1, being fixed in accordance with those Annexes;

Whereas, as regards the controls necessary for the application of the provisions relating to the said amounts, the system of controls provided for by Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 should be maintained without prejudice to the preparation of any more specific provisions;

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

For sheep or sheepmeat certified as eligible in the United Kingdom in region 1, within the meaning of Article 22 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89, for the variable slaughter premium during the week beginning the 19 August 1991, the level of the premium is fixed at ECU 73,420 per 100 kilograms of estimated or actual dressed carcase weight within the limits laid down by Article 1 (1) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84.

*Article 2*

For products referred to in Article 1 (a) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89 which left the territory of region 1 during the week beginning the 19 August 1991, the amounts to be charged shall be equivalent to those fixed in the Annexes hereto.

*Article 3*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 19 August 1991.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 289, 7. 10. 1989, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 163, 26. 6. 1991, p. 41.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 154, 9. 6. 1984, p. 27.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 114, 27. 4. 1989, p. 13.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 351, 2. 12. 1989, p. 18.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

*For the Commission*

Ray MAC SHARRY

*Member of the Commission*

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## ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 September 1991 fixing for Great Britain the level of the variable slaughter premium for sheep and the amounts to be charged on products leaving region 1

(ECU/100 kg)

CN code	Amounts	
	A. Products qualifying for the premium specified in Article 24 of Regulation (EEC) No 3013/89	B. Products specified in Article 4 (4) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84 (*)
	Live weight	Live weight
0104 10 90	34,507	0
0104 20 90		0
	Net weight	Net weight
0204 10 00	73,420	0
0204 21 00	73,420	0
0204 50 11		0
0204 22 10	51,394	
0204 22 30	80,762	
0204 22 50	95,446	
0204 22 90	95,446	
0204 23 00	133,624	
0204 30 00	55,065	
0204 41 00	55,065	
0204 42 10	38,546	
0204 42 30	60,572	
0204 42 50	71,585	
0204 42 90	71,585	
0204 43 00	100,218	
0204 50 13		0
0204 50 15		0
0204 50 19		0
0204 50 31		0
0204 50 39		0
0204 50 51		0
0204 50 53		0
0204 50 55		0
0204 50 59		0
0204 50 71		0
0204 50 79		0
0210 90 11	95,446	
0210 90 19	133,624	
1602 90 71 :		
— unboned (bone-in)	95,446	
— boned or boneless	133,624	

(\*) Eligibility for these reduced amounts is subject to compliance with the conditions laid down in the second subparagraph of Article 5 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1633/84.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2702/91**  
**of 12 September 1991**  
**fixing the export refunds on milk and milk products**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

fixing regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of 27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market in milk and milk products <sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1630/90 <sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 17 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 provides that the difference between prices in international trade for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 of 28 June 1968 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on milk and milk products and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds <sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1344/86 <sup>(4)</sup>, provides that when the refunds on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68, exported in the natural state, are being fixed account must be taken of:

- the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of milk and milk products on the Community market and prices for milk and milk products in international trade,
- marketing costs and the most favourable transport charges from Community markets to ports or other points of export in the Community, as well as costs incurred in placing the goods on the market of the country of destination,
- the aims of the common organization of the market in milk and milk products which are to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on this market,
- the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market, and

— the economic aspect of the proposed exports;

Whereas Article 3(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 provides that when prices within the Community are being determined account should be taken of the ruling prices which are most favourable for exportation, and that when prices in international trade are being determined particular account should be taken of:

- (a) prices ruling on third country markets;
- (b) the most favourable prices in third countries of destination for third country imports;
- (c) producer prices recorded in exporting third countries, account being taken, where appropriate, of subsidies granted by those countries; and
- (d) free-at-Community-frontier offer prices;

Whereas Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 provides that the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 according to destination;

Whereas Article 5(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 876/68 provides that the list of products on which export refunds are granted and the amount of such refunds should be fixed at least once every four weeks; whereas the amount of the refund may, however, remain at the same level for more than four weeks;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 2 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1098/68 of 27 July 1968 on detailed rules for the application of export refunds on milk and milk products <sup>(5)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2767/90 <sup>(6)</sup>, the refund granted for milk products containing added sugar is equal to the sum of the two components, one of which is intended to take account of the quantity of milk products and the other is intended to take account of the quantity of added sucrose; whereas, however, the latter component is applied only if the added sucrose was produced from sugar beet or cane harvested in the Community;

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 150, 15. 6. 1991, p. 19.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 155, 3. 7. 1968, p. 1.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 119, 8. 5. 1986, p. 36.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 184, 29. 7. 1968, p. 10.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 267, 29. 9. 1990, p. 14.

Whereas, for products falling within CN codes ex 0402 99 11, ex 0402 99 19, ex 0404 90 51, ex 0404 90 53, ex 0404 90 91 and ex 0404 90 93, with a fat content by weight not exceeding 9,5 % and a non-fatty milk content in the dry matter equal to or greater than 15 % by weight, the former abovementioned component is fixed for 100 kilograms of the whole product; whereas, for the other products containing added sugar falling within codes 0402 and 0404, that component is calculated by multiplying the basic amount by the milk products content of the product concerned; whereas that basic amount is equal to the refund to be fixed for one kilogram of milk products contained in the whole product;

Whereas the second component is calculated by multiplying the sucrose content of the product by the basic amount of the refund valid on the day of exportation for the products listed in Article 1 (1) (d) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1785/81 of 30 June 1981 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 464/91<sup>(2)</sup>;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85<sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90<sup>(4)</sup>,
- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas the level of refund for cheeses is calculated for products intended for direct consumption; whereas the cheese rinds and cheese wastes are not products intended for this purpose; whereas, to avoid any confusion in interpretation, it should be specified that there will be no

refund for cheeses of a free-at-frontier value less than ECU 140 per 100 kilograms;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 896/84<sup>(5)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 222/88<sup>(6)</sup>, laid down additional provisions concerning the granting of refunds on the change from one milk year to another; whereas those provisions provide for the possibility of varying refunds according to the date of manufacture of the products;

Whereas for the calculation of the refund for processed cheese provision must be made where casein or caseinates are added for that quantity not to be taken into account;

Whereas it follows from applying the rules set out above to the present situation on the market in milk and in particular to quotations or prices for milk products within the Community and on the world market that the refund should be as set out in the Annex to this Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Milk and Milk Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### Article 1

1. The export refunds referred to in Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 on products exported in the natural state shall be as set out in the Annex.
2. There shall be no refunds for exports to Zone E for products falling within CN codes 0401, 0402, 0403, 0404, 0405 and 2309.

#### Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 September 1991.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

For the Commission

Ray MAC SHARRY

Member of the Commission

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 177, 1. 7. 1981, p. 4.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 54, 28. 2. 1991, p. 22.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 91, 1. 4. 1984, p. 71.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 28, 1. 2. 1988, p. 1.



## ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 September 1991 fixing the export refunds on milk and milk products

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0401 10 10 000		6,36
0401 10 90 000		6,36
0401 20 11 100		6,36
0401 20 11 500		9,61
0401 20 19 100		6,36
0401 20 19 500		9,61
0401 20 91 100		12,65
0401 20 91 500		14,67
0401 20 99 100		12,65
0401 20 99 500		14,67
0401 30 11 100		18,72
0401 30 11 400		28,65
0401 30 11 700		42,84
0401 30 19 100		18,72
0401 30 19 400		28,65
0401 30 19 700		42,84
0401 30 31 100		50,94
0401 30 31 400		79,31
0401 30 31 700		87,41
0401 30 39 100		50,94
0401 30 39 400		79,31
0401 30 39 700		87,41
0401 30 91 100		99,57
0401 30 91 400		146,17
0401 30 91 700		170,49
0401 30 99 100		99,57
0401 30 99 400		146,17
0401 30 99 700		170,49
0402 10 11 000		70,00
0402 10 19 000		70,00
0402 10 91 000		0,7000
0402 10 99 000		0,7000
0402 21 11 200		70,00
0402 21 11 300		99,72
0402 21 11 500		106,00
0402 21 11 900		112,00
0402 21 17 000		70,00
0402 21 19 300		99,72
0402 21 19 500		106,00
0402 21 19 900		112,00
0402 21 91 100		115,96
0402 21 91 200		116,87
0402 21 91 300		118,53
0402 21 91 400		128,15
0402 21 91 500		131,43
0402 21 91 600		143,96
0402 21 91 700		151,51
0402 21 91 900		159,88
0402 21 99 100		115,96
0402 21 99 200		116,87
0402 21 99 300		118,53
0402 21 99 400		128,15
0402 21 99 500		131,43
0402 21 99 600		143,96
0402 21 99 700		151,51
0402 21 99 900		159,88

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0402 29 15 200		0,7000
0402 29 15 300		0,9972
0402 29 15 500		1,0600
0402 29 15 900		1,1500
0402 29 19 200		0,7000
0402 29 19 300		0,9972
0402 29 19 500		1,0600
0402 29 19 900		1,1500
0402 29 91 100		1,1596
0402 29 91 500		1,2815
0402 29 99 100		1,1596
0402 29 99 500		1,2815
0402 91 11 110		6,36
0402 91 11 120		12,65
0402 91 11 310		19,53
0402 91 11 350		24,42
0402 91 11 370		30,28
0402 91 19 110		6,36
0402 91 19 120		12,65
0402 91 19 310		19,53
0402 91 19 350		24,42
0402 91 19 370		30,28
0402 91 31 100		24,60
0402 91 31 300		35,78
0402 91 39 100		24,60
0402 91 39 300		35,78
0402 91 51 000		28,65
0402 91 59 000		28,65
0402 91 91 000		99,57
0402 91 99 000		99,57
0402 99 11 110		0,0636
0402 99 11 130		0,1265
0402 99 11 150		0,1967
0402 99 11 310		22,53
0402 99 11 330		27,52
0402 99 11 350		37,32
0402 99 19 110		0,0636
0402 99 19 130		0,1265
0402 99 19 150		0,1967
0402 99 19 310		22,53
0402 99 19 330		27,52
0402 99 19 350		37,32
0402 99 31 110		0,2663
0402 99 31 150		38,94
0402 99 31 300		0,5094
0402 99 31 500		0,8741
0402 99 39 110		0,2663
0402 99 39 150		38,94
0402 99 39 300		0,5094
0402 99 39 500		0,8741
0402 99 91 000		0,9957
0402 99 99 000		0,9957
0403 10 02 000		—
0403 10 04 200		—
0403 10 04 300		—
0403 10 04 500		—
0403 10 04 900		—
0403 10 06 000		—
0403 10 12 000		—
0403 10 14 200		—
0403 10 14 300		—

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0403 10 14 500		—
0403 10 14 900		—
0403 10 16 000		—
0403 10 22 100		6,36
0403 10 22 300		9,61
0403 10 24 000		12,65
0403 10 26 000		18,72
0403 10 32 100		0,0636
0403 10 32 300		0,0961
0403 10 34 000		0,1265
0403 10 36 000		0,1872
0403 90 11 000		70,00
0403 90 13 200		70,00
0403 90 13 300		99,72
0403 90 13 500		106,00
0403 90 13 900		115,00
0403 90 19 000		115,96
0403 90 31 000		0,7000
0403 90 33 200		0,7000
0403 90 33 300		0,9972
0403 90 33 500		1,0600
0403 90 33 900		1,1500
0403 90 39 000		1,1596
0403 90 51 100		6,36
0403 90 51 300		9,61
0403 90 53 000		12,65
0403 90 59 110		18,72
0403 90 59 140		28,65
0403 90 59 170		42,84
0403 90 59 310		50,94
0403 90 59 340		79,31
0403 90 59 370		87,41
0403 90 59 510		99,57
0403 90 59 540		146,17
0403 90 59 570		170,49
0403 90 61 100		0,0636
0403 90 61 300		0,0961
0403 90 63 000		0,1265
0403 90 69 000		0,1872
0404 90 11 100		70,00
0404 90 11 910		6,36
0404 90 11 950		19,53
0404 90 13 120		70,00
0404 90 13 130		99,72
0404 90 13 140		106,00
0404 90 13 150		115,00
0404 90 13 911		6,36
0404 90 13 913		12,65
0404 90 13 915		18,72
0404 90 13 917		28,65
0404 90 13 919		42,84
0404 90 13 931		19,53
0404 90 13 933		24,42
0404 90 13 935		30,28
0404 90 13 937		35,78
0404 90 13 939		37,44
0404 90 19 110		115,96
0404 90 19 115		116,87
0404 90 19 120		118,53
0404 90 19 130		128,15
0404 90 19 135		131,43

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0404 90 19 150		143,96
0404 90 19 160		151,51
0404 90 19 180		159,88
0404 90 19 900		—
0404 90 31 100		70,00
0404 90 31 910		6,36
0404 90 31 950		19,53
0404 90 33 120		70,00
0404 90 33 130		99,72
0404 90 33 140		106,00
0404 90 33 150		115,00
0404 90 33 911		6,36
0404 90 33 913		12,65
0404 90 33 915		18,72
0404 90 33 917		28,65
0404 90 33 919		42,84
0404 90 33 931		19,53
0404 90 33 933		24,42
0404 90 33 935		30,28
0404 90 33 937		35,78
0404 90 33 939		37,44
0404 90 39 110		115,96
0404 90 39 115		116,87
0404 90 39 120		118,53
0404 90 39 130		128,15
0404 90 39 150		131,43
0404 90 39 900		—
0404 90 51 100		0,7000
0404 90 51 910		0,0636
0404 90 51 950		22,53
0404 90 53 110		0,7000
0404 90 53 130		0,9972
0404 90 53 150		1,0600
0404 90 53 170		1,1500
0404 90 53 911		0,0636
0404 90 53 913		0,1265
0404 90 53 915		0,1872
0404 90 53 917		0,2865
0404 90 53 919		0,4284
0404 90 53 931		22,53
0404 90 53 933		27,52
0404 90 53 935		37,32
0404 90 53 937		38,94
0404 90 53 939		—
0404 90 59 130		1,1596
0404 90 59 150		1,2815
0404 90 59 930		0,6107
0404 90 59 950		0,8741
0404 90 59 990		0,9957
0404 90 91 100		0,7000
0404 90 91 910		0,0636
0404 90 91 950		22,53
0404 90 93 110		0,7000
0404 90 93 130		0,9972
0404 90 93 150		1,0600

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0404 90 93 170		1,1500
0404 90 93 911		0,0636
0404 90 93 913		0,1265
0404 90 93 915		0,1872
0404 90 93 917		0,2865
0404 90 93 919		0,4284
0404 90 93 931		22,53
0404 90 93 933		27,52
0404 90 93 935		37,32
0404 90 93 937		38,94
0404 90 93 939		—
0404 90 99 130		1,1596
0404 90 99 150		1,2815
0404 90 99 930		0,6107
0404 90 99 950		0,8741
0404 90 99 990		0,9957
0405 00 10 100		—
0405 00 10 200		122,49
0405 00 10 300		154,10
0405 00 10 500		158,05
0405 00 10 700	056	195,00 (**)
	...	162,00
0405 00 90 100		162,00
0405 00 90 900		208,00
0406 10 10 000		—
0406 10 90 000		—
0406 20 90 100		—
0406 20 90 913	028	—
	032	—
	400	87,74
	404	—
	...	84,94
0406 20 90 915	028	—
	032	—
	400	116,99
	404	—
	...	113,25
0406 20 90 917	028	—
	032	—
	400	124,30
	404	—
	...	120,33
0406 20 90 919	028	—
	032	—
	400	138,92
	404	—
	...	134,49
0406 20 90 990		—
0406 30 10 100		—
0406 30 10 150	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	20,03
	404	—
	...	22,83

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 30 10 200	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68
0406 30 10 250	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68
0406 30 10 300	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	—
	...	71,42
0406 30 10 350	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68
0406 30 10 400	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	—
	...	71,42
0406 30 10 450	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 10 500	—	—
0406 30 10 550	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	20,00
	...	48,68

*(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)*

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 30 10 600	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	28,00
	...	71,42
0406 30 10 650	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 10 700	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 10 750	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,54
	404	—
	...	126,87
0406 30 10 800	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,54
	404	—
	...	126,87
0406 30 10 900		—
0406 30 31 100		—
0406 30 31 300	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	20,03
	404	—
	...	22,83
0406 30 31 500	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68

*(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)*

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 30 31 710	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68
0406 30 31 730	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	—
	...	71,42
0406 30 31 910	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	—
	...	48,68
0406 30 31 930	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	—
	...	71,42
0406 30 31 950	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 39 100		—
0406 30 39 300	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	43,52
	404	20,00
	...	48,68
0406 30 39 500	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	63,88
	404	28,00
	...	71,42



*(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)*

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 30 39 700	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 39 930	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	93,03
	404	—
	...	103,95
0406 30 39 950	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,54
	404	—
	...	126,87
0406 30 90 000	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,54
	404	—
	...	126,87
0406 40 00 100		—
0406 40 00 900	028	—
	032	—
	038	—
	400	120,00
	404	—
	...	126,51
0406 90 13 000	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,00
	404	—
	...	159,34
0406 90 15 100	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,00
	404	—
0406 90 15 900	...	159,34
		—

*(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)*

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 17 100	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	113,00
	404	—
	...	159,34
0406 90 17 900		—
0406 90 21 100		—
0406 90 21 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	732	139,68
	...	151,68
0406 90 23 100		—
0406 90 23 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	...	135,35
0406 90 25 100		—
0406 90 25 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	...	135,35
0406 90 27 100		—
0406 90 27 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	56,14
	404	—
	...	114,71
0406 90 31 111		—
0406 90 31 119	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	15,00
	400	62,48
	404	16,00
	...	89,96

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 31 151	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	58,40
	404	14,96
	...	83,83
0406 90 31 159		—
0406 90 31 900		—
0406 90 33 111		—
0406 90 33 119	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	15,00
	400	62,48
	404	16,00
	...	89,96
0406 90 33 151	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	58,40
	404	14,96
	...	83,83
0406 90 33 159		—
0406 90 33 911		—
0406 90 33 919	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	15,00
	400	62,48
	404	16,00
	...	89,96
0406 90 33 951	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	58,40
	404	14,96
	...	83,83
0406 90 33 959		—
0406 90 35 110		—
0406 90 35 190	028	—
	032	—
	036	42,66
	400	160,00
	404	90,00
	...	158,54

*(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)*

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 35 910		—
0406 90 35 990	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	...	130,00
0406 90 61 000	028	—
	032	—
	036	90,00
	400	190,00
	404	140,00
	...	185,00
0406 90 63 100	028	—
	032	—
	036	105,03
	400	220,00
	404	160,00
	...	212,12
0406 90 63 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	70,00
	400	150,00
	404	80,00
	...	165,00
0406 90 69 100		—
0406 90 69 910	028	—
	032	—
	036	70,00
	400	150,00
	404	80,00
	...	165,00
0406 90 69 990		—
0406 90 71 100		—
0406 90 71 930	028	13,50
	032	13,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	87,23
	404	—
	...	89,49

*(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)*

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 71 950	028	20,00
	032	20,00
	036	—
	038	—
	400	96,18
	404	—
	...	98,13
0406 90 71 970	028	24,00
	032	24,00
	036	—
	038	—
	400	109,31
	404	—
	...	110,79
0406 90 71 991	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	...	130,00
0406 90 71 995	028	27,50
	032	27,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	...	135,35
0406 90 71 999		—
0406 90 73 100		—
0406 90 73 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	42,66
	400	160,00
	404	120,00
	...	151,00
0406 90 75 100		—
0406 90 75 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	...	125,96
0406 90 77 100	028	24,00
	032	24,00
	036	—
	038	—
	400	58,77
	404	—
	...	110,79

*(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)*

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 77 300	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	...	135,35
0406 90 77 500	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	75,00
	404	—
	...	135,35
0406 90 79 100		—
0406 90 79 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	56,14
	404	—
	...	114,71
0406 90 81 100		—
0406 90 81 900	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	...	130,00
0406 90 83 100		—
0406 90 83 910		—
0406 90 83 950	028	—
	032	—
	400	39,03
	404	—
	...	47,97
0406 90 83 990	028	—
	032	—
	400	39,03
	404	—
	...	47,97
0406 90 85 100		—
0406 90 85 910	028	—
	032	—
	036	42,67
	400	160,00
	404	90,00
	...	158,54

*(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)*

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 85 991	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	...	130,00
0406 90 85 995	028	27,50
	032	27,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	65,00
	404	—
	...	135,35
0406 90 85 999		—
0406 90 89 100	028	13,50
	032	13,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	87,23
	404	—
	...	89,49
0406 90 89 200	028	20,00
	032	20,00
	036	—
	038	—
	400	96,18
	404	—
	...	98,13
0406 90 89 300	028	24,00
	032	24,00
	036	—
	038	—
	400	109,31
	404	—
	...	110,79
0406 90 89 910		—
0406 90 89 951	028	—
	032	—
	036	42,66
	400	160,00
	404	90,00
	...	151,00
0406 90 89 959	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	130,00
	404	—
	...	130,00

(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
0406 90 89 971	028	27,50
	032	27,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	74,00
	404	—
	...	135,35
0406 90 89 972	028	—
	032	—
	400	39,03
	404	—
	...	47,97
0406 90 89 979	028	27,50
	032	27,50
	036	—
	038	—
	400	74,00
	404	—
	...	135,35
0406 90 89 990		—
0406 90 91 100		—
0406 90 91 300	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	21,46
	404	—
	...	21,06
0406 90 91 510	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	37,62
	404	—
	...	35,97
0406 90 91 550	028	—
	032	—
	036	—
	038	—
	400	45,81
	404	—
	...	43,62
0406 90 91 900		—
0406 90 93 000		—
0406 90 97 000		—
0406 90 99 000		—
2309 10 15 010		—
2309 10 15 100		—
2309 10 15 200		1,50
2309 10 15 300		2,00
2309 10 15 400		2,50
2309 10 15 500		3,00
2309 10 15 700		3,50



*(in ECU/100 kg net weight unless otherwise indicated)*

Product code	Destination (*)	Amount of refund
2309 10 15 900		—
2309 10 19 010		—
2309 10 19 100		—
2309 10 19 200		1,50
2309 10 19 300		2,00
2309 10 19 400		2,50
2309 10 19 500		3,00
2309 10 19 600		3,50
2309 10 19 700		3,75
2309 10 19 800		4,00
2309 10 19 900		—
2309 10 70 010		—
2309 10 70 100		21,00
2309 10 70 200		28,00
2309 10 70 300		35,00
2309 10 70 500		42,00
2309 10 70 600		49,00
2309 10 70 700		56,00
2309 10 70 800		61,60
2309 10 70 900		—
2309 90 35 010		—
2309 90 35 100		—
2309 90 35 200		1,50
2309 90 35 300		2,00
2309 90 35 400		2,50
2309 90 35 500		3,00
2309 90 35 700		3,50
2309 90 35 900		—
2309 90 39 010		—
2309 90 39 100		—
2309 90 39 200		1,50
2309 90 39 300		2,00
2309 90 39 400		2,50
2309 90 39 500		3,00
2309 90 39 600		3,50
2309 90 39 700		3,75
2309 90 39 800		4,00
2309 90 39 900		—
2309 90 70 010		—
2309 90 70 100		21,00
2309 90 70 200		28,00
2309 90 70 300		35,00
2309 90 70 500		42,00
2309 90 70 600		49,00
2309 90 70 700		56,00
2309 90 70 800		61,60
2309 90 70 900		—

(<sup>1</sup>) The code numbers for the destinations are those set out in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 91/91 (OJ No L 11, 16. 1. 1991, p. 5).

For destinations other than those indicated for each 'product code', the amount of the refund applying is indicated by \*\*\*.

Where no destination is indicated, the amount of the refund is applicable for exports to any destination other than those referred to in Article 1 (2).

(<sup>2</sup>) This amount shall not apply to butter exported pursuant to Commission Regulations (EEC) No 3775/90 (OJ No L 364, 28. 12. 1990, p. 2), for which the refund applicable is that fixed for the other destinations.

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*NB:* The product codes and the footnotes are defined in amended Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3846/87 (OJ No L 366, 24. 12. 1987, p. 1).

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## COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2703/91

of 12 September 1991

fixing the import levies on milk and milk products

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,  
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European  
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 804/68 of  
27 June 1968 on the common organization of the market  
in milk and milk products <sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regula-  
tion (EEC) No 1630/91 <sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 14 (8)  
thereof,

Whereas the import levies on milk and milk products  
were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No  
1653/91 <sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No  
2572/91 <sup>(4)</sup>;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules  
contained in Regulation (EEC) No 1653/91 to the prices

known to the Commission that the levies at present in  
force should be altered to the amounts set out in the  
Annex hereto,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The import levies referred to in Article 14 of Regulation  
(EEC) No 804/68 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 16 September  
1991.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member  
States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

*For the Commission*

Ray MAC SHARRY

*Member of the Commission*

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 148, 28. 6. 1968, p. 13.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 150, 15. 6. 1991, p. 19.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 151, 15. 6. 1991, p. 22.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 241, 30. 8. 1991, p. 8.

## ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 September 1991 fixing the import levies on milk and milk products

(ECU/100 kg net weight, unless otherwise indicated)

CN code	Note	Import levy
0401 10 10		18,17
0401 10 90		16,96
0401 20 11		24,90
0401 20 19		23,69
0401 20 91		30,23
0401 20 99		29,02
0401 30 11		77,09
0401 30 19		75,88
0401 30 31		147,80
0401 30 39		146,59
0401 30 91		247,45
0401 30 99		246,24
0402 10 11	( <sup>1</sup> )	129,84
0402 10 19	( <sup>1</sup> )	122,59
0402 10 91	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2259/kg + 26,99
0402 10 99	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2259/kg + 19,74
0402 21 11	( <sup>1</sup> )	182,24
0402 21 17	( <sup>1</sup> )	174,99
0402 21 19	( <sup>1</sup> )	174,99
0402 21 91	( <sup>1</sup> )	221,78
0402 21 99	( <sup>1</sup> )	214,53
0402 29 11	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	1,7499/kg + 26,99
0402 29 15	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	1,7499/kg + 26,99
0402 29 19	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	1,7499/kg + 19,74
0402 29 91	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	2,1453/kg + 26,99
0402 29 99	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	2,1453/kg + 19,74
0402 91 11	( <sup>1</sup> )	30,28
0402 91 19	( <sup>1</sup> )	30,28
0402 91 31	( <sup>1</sup> )	37,85
0402 91 39	( <sup>1</sup> )	37,85
0402 91 51	( <sup>1</sup> )	147,80
0402 91 59	( <sup>1</sup> )	146,59
0402 91 91	( <sup>1</sup> )	247,45
0402 91 99	( <sup>1</sup> )	246,24
0402 99 11	( <sup>1</sup> )	49,85
0402 99 19	( <sup>1</sup> )	49,85
0402 99 31	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	1,4417/kg + 23,37
0402 99 39	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	1,4417/kg + 22,16
0402 99 91	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	2,4382/kg + 23,37
0402 99 99	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> )	2,4382/kg + 22,16
0403 10 02		129,84
0403 10 04		182,24

(ECU/100 kg net weight, unless otherwise indicated)

CN code	Note	Import levy
0403 10 06		221,78
0403 10 12	( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2259 / kg + 26,99
0403 10 14	( <sup>1</sup> )	1,7499 / kg + 26,99
0403 10 16	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,1453 / kg + 26,99
0403 10 22		27,31
0403 10 24		32,64
0403 10 26		79,50
0403 10 32	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,2127 / kg + 25,78
0403 10 34	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,2660 / kg + 25,78
0403 10 36	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,7346 / kg + 25,78
0403 90 11		129,84
0403 90 13		182,24
0403 90 19		221,78
0403 90 31	( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2259 / kg + 26,99
0403 90 33	( <sup>1</sup> )	1,7499 / kg + 26,99
0403 90 39	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,1453 / kg + 26,99
0403 90 51		27,31
0403 90 53		32,64
0403 90 59		79,50
0403 90 61	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,2127 / kg + 25,78
0403 90 63	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,2660 / kg + 25,78
0403 90 69	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,7346 / kg + 25,78
0404 10 11		30,53
0404 10 19	( <sup>1</sup> )	0,3053 / kg + 19,74
0404 10 91	( <sup>2</sup> )	0,3053 / kg
0404 10 99	( <sup>2</sup> )	0,3053 / kg + 19,74
0404 90 11		129,84
0404 90 13		182,24
0404 90 19		221,78
0404 90 31		129,84
0404 90 33		182,24
0404 90 39		221,78
0404 90 51	( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2259 / kg + 26,99
0404 90 53	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	1,7499 / kg + 26,99
0404 90 59	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,1453 / kg + 26,99
0404 90 91	( <sup>1</sup> )	1,2259 / kg + 26,99
0404 90 93	( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	1,7499 / kg + 26,99
0404 90 99	( <sup>1</sup> )	2,1453 / kg + 26,99
0405 00 10		255,20
0405 00 90		311,34
0406 10 10	( <sup>3</sup> )	234,25
0406 10 90	( <sup>3</sup> )	285,03
0406 20 10	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	384,18
0406 20 90	( <sup>4</sup> )	384,18
0406 30 10	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	186,32
0406 30 31	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	175,50
0406 30 39	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	186,32
0406 30 90	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	283,04

(ECU/100 kg net weight, unless otherwise indicated)

CN code	Note	Import levy
0406 40 00	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	148,14
0406 90 11	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	223,32
0406 90 13	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	181,87
0406 90 15	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	181,87
0406 90 17	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	181,87
0406 90 19	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	384,18
0406 90 21	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	223,32
0406 90 23	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 25	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 27	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 29	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 31	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 33	( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 35	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 37	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 39	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 50	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 61	( <sup>4</sup> )	384,18
0406 90 63	( <sup>4</sup> )	384,18
0406 90 69	( <sup>4</sup> )	384,18
0406 90 71	( <sup>4</sup> )	234,25
0406 90 73	( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 75	( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 77	( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 79	( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 81	( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 83	( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 85	( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 89	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	188,31
0406 90 91	( <sup>4</sup> )	234,25
0406 90 93	( <sup>4</sup> )	234,25
0406 90 97	( <sup>4</sup> )	285,03
0406 90 99	( <sup>4</sup> )	285,03
1702 10 10		36,29
1702 10 90		36,29
2106 90 51		36,29
2309 10 15		94,36
2309 10 19		122,56
2309 10 39		114,79
2309 10 59		94,60
2309 10 70		122,56
2309 90 35		94,36
2309 90 39		122,56
2309 90 49		114,79
2309 90 59		94,60
2309 90 70		122,56

- 
- (1) The levy on 100 kg of product falling within this code is equal to the sum of the following :
    - (a) the amount per kilogram shown, multiplied by the weight of milk and milk cream contained in 100 kg of product ; and
    - (b) the other amount indicated.
  - (2) The levy on 100 kg of product falling within this code is equal to :
    - (a) the amount per kilogram shown, multiplied by the weight of the dried milk contained in 100 kg of product plus, where appropriate,
    - (b) the other amount indicated.
  - (3) Products falling within this code imported from a third country under special arrangements concluded between that country and the Community for which an IMA 1 certificate issued under the conditions provided for in Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82 is issued are subject to the levies in Annex I to that Regulation.
  - (4) The levy applicable is limited under the conditions laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 715/90.
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## COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2704/91

of 12 September 1991

introducing a countervailing charge on certain varieties of plum originating in Bulgaria

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Act of Accession of Spain and Portugal,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1623/90<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least ECU 0,6 below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1216/91 of 8 May 1991 fixing for the 1991 marketing year the reference prices for plums<sup>(3)</sup> fixed the reference price for class I, group I at ECU 60,71 per 100 kilograms net for the month of September 1991;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties, and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74<sup>(4)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3811/85<sup>(5)</sup>, the prices to be taken

into consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for plums of group I originating in Bulgaria the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least ECU 0,6 below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these plums;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in Article 3 (1) last paragraph of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85<sup>(6)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90<sup>(7)</sup>,
- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

A countervailing charge of ECU 34,99 per 100 kilograms net is applied to plums (CN codes 0809 40 11 and 0809 40 19), of the following varieties: Altesse simple (common quetsche, Hauszwetschge), Reine-Claude d'Oullins (Oullins Gage), Sveskeblommer, Ruth Gerstetter, Ontario, Wangenheimer (early Wangenheim quetsche), Pershore (Yellow Egg), Mirabelle and Bosniche, originating in Bulgaria.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 14 September 1991.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 150, 15. 6. 1991, p. 8.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 116, 9. 5. 1991, p. 48.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 368, 31. 12. 1985, p. 1.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

<sup>(7)</sup> OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.



This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

*For the Commission*

Ray MAC SHARRY

*Member of the Commission*

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## COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2705/91

of 28 August 1991

concerning the stopping of fishing for hake by vessels flying the flag of Belgium

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,  
Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2241/87 of 23 July 1987 establishing certain control measures for fishing activities <sup>(1)</sup>, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3483/88 <sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 11 (3) thereof,

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 3926/90 of 20 December 1990 fixing, for certain fish stocks and groups of fish stocks, the total allowable catches for 1991 and certain conditions under which they may be fished <sup>(3)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2381/91 <sup>(4)</sup>, provides for hake quotas for 1991;

Whereas, in order to ensure compliance with the provisions relating to the quantitative limitations on catches of stocks subject to quotas, it is necessary for the Commission to fix the date by which catches made by vessels flying the flag of a Member State are deemed to have exhausted the quota allocated;

Whereas, according to the information communicated to the Commission, catches of hake in the waters of ICES division VIII a, b, d and e by vessels flying the flag of

Belgium or registered in Belgium have reached the quota allocated for 1991,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

Catches of hake in the waters of ICES division VIII a, b, d and e by vessels flying the flag of Belgium or registered in Belgium are deemed to have exhausted the quota allocated to Belgium for 1991.

Fishing for hake in the waters of ICES division VIII a, b, d and e by vessels flying the flag of Belgium or registered in Belgium is prohibited, as the retention on board, the transshipment and the landing of such stock captured by the abovementioned vessels after the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 28 August 1991.

*For the Commission*

Karel VAN MIERT

*Member of the Commission*

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 207, 29. 7. 1987, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 306, 11. 11. 1988, p. 2.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 378, 31. 12. 1990, p. 1.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 219, 7. 8. 1991, p. 2.

## COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2706/91

of 12 September 1991

fixing the export refunds on cereals and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3577/90<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products in the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds<sup>(3)</sup> provides that when refunds are being fixed, account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand, and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on cereals is being calculated;

Whereas these specific criteria are defined, as far as wheat and rye flour, groats and meal are concerned, in Article 4 of Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75; whereas furthermore, when the refund on these products is being calculated, account must be taken of the quantities of cereals required for their manufacture; whereas these quantities were fixed in Commission Regulation No 162/67/EEC<sup>(4)</sup>, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1607/71<sup>(5)</sup>;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to

vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 % a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85<sup>(6)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90<sup>(7)</sup>;
- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas it follows from applying the detailed rules set out above to the present situation on the market in cereals, and in particular to quotations or prices for these products within the Community and on the world market, that the refunds should be as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 (a), (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 September 1991.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 353, 17. 12. 1990, p. 23.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No 128, 27. 6. 1967, p. 2574/67.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 168, 27. 7. 1971, p. 16.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

<sup>(7)</sup> OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

*For the Commission*

Ray MAC SHARRY

*Member of the Commission*

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## ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 September 1991 fixing the export refunds on cereals  
and on wheat or rye flour, groats and meal

(ECU/tonne)		
Product code	Destination (1)	Amount of refund
0709 90 60 000	—	—
0712 90 19 000	—	—
1001 10 10 000	06	110,00
	02	0
1001 10 90 000	04	120,00
	02	0
1001 90 91 000	—	—
1001 90 99 000	04	77,00
	06	31,00
	07	32,00
	10	108,50
	02	20,00
1002 00 00 000	03	31,00
	08	85,00
	02	30,00
1003 00 10 000	09	80,00
	02	0
1003 00 90 000	04	31,00
	05	32,00
	02	30,00
1004 00 10 000	—	—
1004 00 90 000	—	—
1005 10 90 000	—	—
1005 90 00 000	03	60,00
	02	0
1007 00 90 000	—	—
1008 20 00 000	—	—
1101 00 00 100	01	119,00
1101 00 00 130	01	111,00
1101 00 00 150	01	102,00
1101 00 00 170	01	95,00
1101 00 00 180	01	89,00
1101 00 00 190	—	—
1101 00 00 900	—	—
1102 10 00 600	01	119,00
1102 10 00 900	—	—
1103 11 10 100	01	214,50
1103 11 10 200	01	214,50
1103 11 10 500	01	0
1103 11 10 900	01	0
1103 11 90 100	01	119,00
1103 11 90 900	—	—

(<sup>1</sup>) The destinations are identified as follows :

- 01 All third countries,
- 02 Other third countries,
- 03 Switzerland, Austria and Liechtenstein,
- 04 Switzerland, Austria, Liechtenstein, Ceuta and Melilla,
- 05 The Soviet Union,
- 06 Algeria,
- 07 The People's Republic of China,
- 08 Zone II b),
- 09 Czechoslovakia,
- 10 Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, Gambia, Cameroon, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Equatorial Guinea, Mauritius, Kenya, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Niger, Nigeria, Namibia, Central African Republic, Rwanda, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zaire.

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*NB* : The zones are those defined in Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 53), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3049/89 (OJ No L 292, 11. 10. 1989, p. 10).

## COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2707/91

of 12 September 1991

fixing the export refunds on malt

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 of 29 October 1975 on the common organization of the market in cereals<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3577/90<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular the fourth subparagraph of Article 16 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 16 of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of those Regulations and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2746/75 of 29 October 1975 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on cereals and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds<sup>(3)</sup> provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of cereals on the Community market on the one hand and prices for cereals and cereal products on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on cereal markets and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports, and the need to avoid disturbances on the Community market;

Whereas Council Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 of 29 October 1975 on the import and export system for products processed from cereals and from rice<sup>(4)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1906/87<sup>(5)</sup>, defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the refund on these products is being calculated;

Whereas it follows from applying these detailed rules to the present situation on the market in products processed

from cereals and rice that the export refund should be fixed at an amount which will cover the difference between Community prices and world market prices;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85<sup>(6)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90<sup>(7)</sup>,
- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas the refund must be fixed once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The export refunds on malt listed in Article 1 (d) of Regulation (EEC) No 2727/75 subject to Regulation (EEC) No 2744/75 shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 September 1991.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 353, 17. 12. 1990, p. 23.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 78.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 281, 1. 11. 1975, p. 65.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 182, 3. 7. 1987, p. 49.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

<sup>(7)</sup> OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

*For the Commission*  
Ray MAC SHARRY  
*Member of the Commission*

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ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 September 1991 fixing the export refunds on malt

(ECU / tonne)	
Product code	Refund
1107 10 19 000	100,00
1107 10 99 000	112,00
1107 20 00 000	130,00

*NB:* The product codes and the footnotes are defined in amended Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3846/87 as amended (OJ No L 366, 24. 12. 1987, p. 1).

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## COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2708/91

of 12 September 1991

## fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 of 21 June 1976 on the common organization of the market in rice<sup>(1)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1806/89<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular the first sentence of the fourth subparagraph of Article 17 (2) thereof,

Having regard to the opinion of the Monetary Committee,

Whereas Article 17 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 provides that the difference between quotations or prices on the world market for the products listed in Article 1 of that Regulation and prices for those products within the Community may be covered by an export refund;

Whereas Article 2 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 of 21 June 1976 laying down general rules for granting export refunds on rice and criteria for fixing the amount of such refunds<sup>(3)</sup>, provides that when refunds are being fixed account must be taken of the existing situation and the future trend with regard to prices and availabilities of rice and broken rice on the Community market on the one hand and prices for rice and broken rice on the world market on the other; whereas the same Article provides that it is also important to ensure equilibrium and the natural development of prices and trade on the rice market and, furthermore, to take into account the economic aspect of the proposed exports and the need to avoid disturbances of the Community market;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1361/76<sup>(4)</sup> lays down the maximum percentage of broken rice allowed in rice for which an export refund is fixed and specifies the percentage by which that refund is to be reduced where the proportion of broken rice in the rice exported exceeds that maximum;

Whereas Article 3 of Regulation (EEC) No 1431/76 defines the specific criteria to be taken into account when the export refund on rice and broken rice is being calculated;

Whereas the world market situation or the specific requirements of certain markets may make it necessary to vary the refund for certain products according to destination;

Whereas a separate refund should be fixed for packaged long grain rice to accommodate current demand for the product on certain markets;

Whereas the refund must be fixed at least once a month; whereas it may be altered in the intervening period;

Whereas, if the refund system is to operate normally, refunds should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate, multiplied by the corrective factor provided for in the last paragraph of Article 3 (1) of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1676/85<sup>(5)</sup>, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2205/90<sup>(6)</sup>;
- for the other currencies, an exchange rate based on an average of the ecu rates published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, C series, over a period to be determined, multiplied by the coefficient referred to in the preceding indent;

Whereas it follows from applying these rules and criteria to the present situation on the market in rice and in particular to quotations or prices for rice and broken rice within the Community and on the world market, that the refund should be fixed as set out in the Annex hereto;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Management Committee for Cereals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

The export refunds on the products listed in Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 1418/76 with the exception of those listed in paragraph 1 (c) of that Article, exported in the natural state, shall be as set out in the Annex hereto.

*Article 2*

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 September 1991.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 177, 24. 6. 1989, p. 1.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 166, 25. 6. 1976, p. 36.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 154, 15. 6. 1976, p. 11.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 164, 24. 6. 1985, p. 1.

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 201, 31. 7. 1990, p. 9.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 September 1991.

*For the Commission*

Ray MAC SHARRY

*Member of the Commission*

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## ANNEX

to the Commission Regulation of 12 September 1991 fixing the export refunds on rice and broken rice

Product code	Destination (°)	Amount of refunds (ECU/tonne)
1006 20 11 000	—	—
1006 20 13 000	01	152,20
1006 20 15 000	01	152,20
1006 20 17 000	—	—
1006 20 92 000	—	—
1006 20 94 000	01	152,20
1006 20 96 000	01	152,20
1006 20 98 000	—	—
1006 30 21 000	—	—
1006 30 23 000	01	152,20
1006 30 25 000	01	152,20
1006 30 27 000	—	—
1006 30 42 000	—	—
1006 30 44 000	01	152,20
1006 30 46 000	01	152,20
1006 30 48 000	—	—
1006 30 61 100	01	190,25
	05	196,25
	06	201,25
	09	196,25
	12	201,25
	13	190,25
1006 30 61 900	—	—
1006 30 63 100	01	190,25
	05	196,25
	06	201,25
	09	196,25
	12	201,25
	13	190,25
1006 30 63 900	01	190,25
	13	190,25
1006 30 65 100	01	190,25
	05	196,25
	06	201,25
	09	196,25
	12	201,25
	13	190,25
1006 30 65 900	01	190,25
	13	190,25
1006 30 67 100	—	—
1006 30 67 900	—	—

(ECU/tonne)		
Product code	Destination (1)	Amount of refunds
1006 30 92 100	01	190,25
	05	196,25
	06	201,25
	09	196,25
	12	201,25
	13	190,25
1006 30 92 900	01	190,25
	13	190,25
	15	187,00
1006 30 94 100	01	190,25
	05	196,25
	06	201,25
	09	196,25
	12	201,25
	13	190,25
1006 30 94 900	01	190,25
	13	190,25
	15	180,00
1006 30 96 100	01	190,25
	05	196,25
	06	201,25
	09	196,25
	12	201,25
	13	190,25
1006 30 96 900	01	190,25
	13	190,25
	15	180,00
1006 30 98 100	—	—
1006 30 98 900	—	—
1006 40 00 000	—	—

(1) The destinations are identified as follows:

- 01 Austria, Liechtenstein, Switzerland, the communes of Livigno and Campione d'Italia,
- 02 Third countries other than Austria, Liechtenstein, Switzerland and the communes of Livigno and Campione d'Italie,
- 03 Zone I,
- 04 Third countries other than Austria, Liechtenstein, Switzerland, the communes of Livigno and Campione d'Italie and countries of zone I,
- 05 Zones I, II, III and VI,
- 06 Zones IV a), IV b), V a), VII a) and VIII excluding Surinam, de Guyana and Madagascar,
- 08 Zone VI,
- 09 Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla,
- 10 Zone V a),
- 11 Zone VII c),
- 12 Canada,
- 13 Destinations mentioned in Article 34 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3665/87 (OJ No L 351, 14. 12. 1987, p. 1),
- 14 Zone VIII, except Surinam, Guyana and Madagascar,
- 15 Zones I, II, III, IV, V, VI and VIII, except Surinam, Guyana and Madagascar.

NB: The zones are those defined in the Annex to Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1124/77 (OJ No L 134, 28. 5. 1977, p. 35), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3049/89 (JO No L 292, 11. 10. 1989, p. 10).

## II

*(Acts whose publication is not obligatory)*

## COUNCIL

## COUNCIL DIRECTIVE

of 18 June 1991

on control of the acquisition and possession of weapons

(91/477/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 100a thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission <sup>(1)</sup>,

In cooperation with the European Parliament <sup>(2)</sup>,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee <sup>(3)</sup>,

Whereas Article 8a of the Treaty provides that the internal market must be established by not later than 31 December 1992; whereas the internal market comprises an area without internal frontiers in which the free movement of goods, persons, services and capital is ensured, in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty;

Whereas, at its meeting in Fontainebleau on 25 and 26 June 1984, the European Council expressly set the objective of abolishing all police and customs formalities at intra-Community frontiers;

Whereas the total abolition of controls and formalities at intra-Community frontiers entails the fulfilment of certain fundamental conditions; whereas in its white paper 'Completing the internal market' the Commission stated that the abolition of controls on the safety of

objects transported and on persons entails, among other things, the approximation of weapons legislation;

Whereas abolition of controls on the possession of weapons at intra-Community frontiers necessitates the adoption of effective rules enabling controls to be carried out within Member States on the acquisition and possession of firearms and on their transfer to another Member State; whereas systematic controls must therefore be abolished at intra-Community frontiers;

Whereas the mutual confidence in the field of the protection of the safety of persons which these rules will generate between Member States will be the greater if they are underpinned by partially harmonized legislation; whereas it would therefore be useful to determine category of firearms whose acquisition and possession by private persons are to be prohibited, or subject to authorization, or subject to declaration;

Whereas passing from one Member State to another while in possession of a weapon should, in principle, be prohibited; whereas a derogation therefrom is acceptable only if a procedure is adopted that enables Member States to be notified that a firearm is to be brought into their territory;

Whereas, however, more flexible rules should be adopted in respect of hunting and target shooting in order to avoid impeding the free movement of persons more than is necessary;

Whereas the Directive does not affect the right of Member States to take measures to prevent illegal trade in weapons,

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No C 235, 1. 9. 1987, p. 8 and

OJ No C 299, 28. 11. 1989, p. 6.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No C 231, 17. 9. 1990, p. 69 and

OJ No C 158, 17. 6. 1991, p. 89.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No C 35, 8. 2. 1988, p. 5.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE :

Directive, subject to the rights conferred on residents of the Member States by Article 12 (2).

## CHAPTER 1

### Scope

#### Article 1

1. For the purposes of this Directive 'weapons' and 'firearms' shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Annex I. Firearms are classified and defined in section II of that Annex.

2. For the purposes of this Directive 'dealer' shall mean any natural or legal person whose trade or business consists wholly or partly in the manufacture, trade, exchange, hiring out, repair or conversion of firearms.

3. For the purposes of this Directive, a person shall be deemed to be a resident of the country indicated by the address appearing on a document establishing his place of residence, such as a passport or an identity card, which, on a check on possession or on acquisition, is submitted to the authorities of a Member State or to a dealer.

4. The 'European firearms pass' is a document which is issued on request by the authorities of a Member State to a person lawfully entering into possession of and using a firearm. It shall be valid for a maximum period of five years. The period of validity may be extended. Where only firearms classified in category D appear on the pass, the maximum period of validity thereof shall be ten years. It shall contain the information set out in Annex II. The 'European firearms pass' is a non-transferable document, on which shall be entered the firearm or firearms possessed and used by the holder of the pass. The pass must always be in the possession of the person using the firearm. Changes in the possession or characteristics of the firearms shall be indicated on the pass, as well as the loss or theft of the firearm.

#### Article 2

1. This Directive is without prejudice to the application of national provisions concerning the carrying of weapons, hunting or target shooting.

2. This Directive shall not apply to the acquisition or possession of weapons and ammunition, in accordance with national law, by the armed forces, the police, the public authorities or by collectors and bodies concerned with the cultural and historical aspects of weapons and recognized as such by the Member State in whose territory they are established. Nor shall it apply to commercial transfers of weapons and ammunition of war.

#### Article 3

Member States may adopt in their legislation provisions which are more stringent than those provided for in this

## CHAPTER 2

### Harmonization of legislation concerning firearms

#### Article 4

At least in respect of categories A and B, each Member State shall make the pursuit of the activity of dealer within its territory conditional upon authorization on the basis of at least a check on the private and professional integrity of the dealer. In the case of a legal person, the check shall be on the person who directs the undertaking. In respect of categories C and D, each Member State which does not make the pursuit of the activity of dealer conditional upon authorization shall make such activity subject to a declaration.

Each dealer shall be required to keep a register in which information concerning all firearms classified in category A, B or C received or disposed of by him shall be recorded, including such particulars as enable the weapon to be identified, in particular the type, make, model, calibre and serial number thereof and the names and addresses of the supplier and the person acquiring the weapon. The Member States shall regularly check dealers' compliance with this obligation. The dealer shall conserve the register for a period of five years, even after he has ceased his activity.

#### Article 5

Without prejudice to Article 3, Member States shall allow the acquisition and possession of firearms classified in category B only by persons who have good cause and who :

- (a) are 18 years old or more, except for hunting or target shooting ;
- (b) are not likely to be a danger to themselves, to public order or to public safety.

Without prejudice to Article 3, Member States shall allow the possession of firearms classified in categories C and D only by persons satisfying the conditions in point (a) of the first paragraph.

Member States may withdraw authorization for possession of the firearm if any of the conditions in point (b) of the first paragraph is no longer satisfied.

Member States may not prohibit persons resident within their territories from possessing a weapon acquired in another Member State unless they prohibit the acquisition of the same weapon within their own territories.

#### Article 6

Member States shall take all appropriate steps to prohibit the acquisition and the possession of the firearms and ammunition classified in category A. In special cases, the competent authorities may grant authorizations for such

firearms and ammunition where this is not contrary to public security or public order.

#### Article 7

1. No one may acquire a firearm classified in category B within the territory of a Member State unless that Member State has so authorized him.

No such authorization may be given to a resident of another Member State without the latter's prior agreement.

2. No one may be in possession of a firearm classified in category B within the territory of a Member State unless that Member State has so authorized him. If he is a resident of another Member State, that other Member State shall be informed accordingly.

3. An authorization to acquire and an authorization to possess a firearm classified in category B may take the form of a single administrative decision.

#### Article 8

1. No one may be in possession of a firearm classified in category C unless he has declared it to the authorities of the Member State in which that firearm is held.

The Member States shall provide for the compulsory declaration of all firearms classified in category C at present held within their territories but not previously declared within one year of the entry into force of the national provisions transposing this Directive.

2. Every seller, dealer or private person shall inform the authorities of the Member State in which it takes place of every transfer or handing over of a firearm classified in category C, giving the particulars by which the firearm and the person acquiring it may be identified. If the person acquiring such a firearm is a resident of another Member State, that other Member State shall be informed of the acquisition by the Member State in which it took place and by the person acquiring the firearm.

3. If a Member State prohibits or makes subject to authorization the acquisition and possession within its territory of a firearm classified in category B, C or D, it shall so inform the other Member States, which shall expressly include a statement to that effect on any European firearms pass they issue for such a firearm, pursuant to Article 12 (2).

#### Article 9

1. The handing over of a firearm classified in category A, B or C to a person who is not resident in the Member State in question shall be permitted, subject to compliance with the obligations laid down in Articles 6, 7 and 8:

— where the person acquiring it has been authorized in accordance with Article 11 himself to effect a transfer to his country of residence,

— where the person acquiring it submits a written declaration testifying to and justifying his intention to be in possession of the firearm in the Member State of acquisition, provided that he fulfils the legal conditions for possession in that Member State.

2. Member States may authorize the temporary handing over of firearms in accordance with procedures which they shall lay down.

#### Article 10

The arrangements for the acquisition and possession of ammunition shall be the same as those for the possession of the firearms for which the ammunition is intended.

### CHAPTER 3

#### Formalities for the movement of weapons within the Community

#### Article 11

1. Firearms may, without prejudice to Article 12, be transferred from one Member State to another only in accordance with the procedure laid down in the following paragraphs. These provisions shall also apply to transfers of firearms following a mail order sale.

2. Where a firearm is to be transferred to another Member State, the person concerned shall, before it is taken there, supply the following particulars to the Member State in which such firearm is situated:

- the names and addresses of the person selling or disposing of the firearm and of the person purchasing or acquiring it or, where appropriate, of the owner,
- the address to which the firearm is to be consigned or transported,
- the number of firearms to be consigned or transported,
- the particulars enabling the firearm to be identified and also an indication that the firearm has undergone a check in accordance with the Convention of 1 July 1969 on the Reciprocal Recognition of Proofmarks on Small Arms,
- the means of transfer,
- the date of departure and the estimated date of arrival.

The information referred to in the last two indents need not be supplied where the transfer takes place between dealers.

The Member State shall examine the conditions under which the transfer is to be carried out, in particular with regard to security.

Where the Member State authorizes such transfer, it shall issue a licence incorporating all the particulars referred to in the first subparagraph. Such licence shall accompany the firearm until it reaches its destination; it shall be produced whenever so required by the authorities of the Member States.

3. In the case of transfer of the firearms, other than weapons of war, excluded from the scope of this Directive pursuant to Article 2 (2), each Member State may grant dealers the right to effect transfers of firearms from its territory to a dealer established in another Member State without the prior authorization referred to in paragraph 2. To that end it shall issue an authorization valid for no more than three years, which may at any time be suspended or cancelled by reasoned decision. A document referring to that authorization must accompany the firearm until it reaches its destination; it must be produced whenever so required by the authorities of the Member States.

Not later than the time of transfer, the dealer shall communicate to the authorities of the Member State from which the transfer is to be effected all the particulars listed in the first subparagraph of paragraph 2.

4. Each Member State shall supply the other Member States with a list of firearms the transfer of which to its territory may not be authorized without its prior consent.

Such lists of firearms shall be communicated to dealers who have obtained approval for transferring firearms without prior authorization under the procedure laid down in paragraph 3.

#### *Article 12*

1. If the procedure provided for in Article 11 is not employed, the possession of a firearm during a journey through two or more Member States shall not be permitted unless the person concerned has obtained the authorization of each of those Member States.

Member States may grant such authorization for one or more journeys for a maximum period of one year, subject to renewal. Such authorizations shall be entered on the European firearms pass, which the traveller must produce whenever so required by the authorities of the Member States.

2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, hunters, in respect of categories C and D, and marksmen, in respect of category B, C and D, may without prior authorization be in possession of one or more firearms classified in these categories during a journey through two or more Member States with a view to engaging in their activities, provided that they are in possession of a European firearms pass listing such firearm or firearms and provided that they are able to substantiate the reasons for their journey, in particular by producing an invitation.

However, this derogation shall not apply to journeys to a Member State which prohibits the acquisition and possession of the firearm in question or which, pursuant to Article 8 (3), makes it subject to authorization; in that case, an express statement to that effect shall be entered on the European firearms pass.

In the context of the report referred to in Article 17, the Commission in consultation with the Member States, will also consider the effects of applying the second subparagraph, particularly as regards its impact on public order and public security.

3. Under agreements for the mutual recognition of national documents, two or more Member States may provide for arrangements more flexible than those prescribed in this Article for movement with firearms within their territories.

#### *Article 13*

1. Each Member State shall communicate all useful information at its disposal concerning definitive transfers of firearms to the Member State to the territory of which such a transfer has been effected.

2. All information that Member States receive by way of the procedures laid down in Article 11 for transfers of firearms and in Article 7 (2) and Article 8 (2) for the acquisition and possession of firearms by non-residents shall be communicated, not later than the time of the relevant transfers, to the Member States of destination and, where appropriate, not later than the time of transfer to the Member States of transit.

3. Member States shall set up, by 1 January 1993 at the latest, networks for the exchange of information for the purposes of applying this Article. They shall inform the other Member States and the Commission of the national authorities responsible for transmitting and receiving information and for applying the formalities referred to in Article 11 (4).

#### *Article 14*

Member States shall adopt all relevant provisions prohibiting entry into their territory:

- of a firearm except in the cases defined in Articles 11 and 12 and provided the conditions laid down therein are met,
- of a weapon other than a firearm provided that the national provisions of the Member State in question so permit.

### CHAPTER 4

#### **Final provisions**

#### *Article 15*

1. Member States shall intensify controls on the possession of weapons at external Community frontiers. They shall in particular ensure that travellers from third countries who intend to proceed to another Member State comply with Article 12.

2. This Directive shall not preclude the carrying out of controls by Member States or by the carrier at the time of boarding of a means of transport.

3. Member States shall inform the Commission of the manner in which the controls referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 are carried out. The Commission shall collate this information and make it available to all Member States.



4. Member States shall notify the Commission of their national provisions, including changes relating to the acquisition and possession of weapons, where the national law is more stringent than the minimum standard they are required to adopt. The Commission shall pass on such information to the other Member States.

*Article 16*

Member States shall introduce penalties for failure to comply with the provisions adopted pursuant to this Directive. Such penalties must be sufficient to promote compliance with such provisions.

*Article 17*

Within five years from the date of transposition of this Directive into national law, the Commission shall submit a report to the European Parliament and to the Council on the situation resulting from the application of this Directive, accompanied, if appropriate, by proposals.

*Article 18*

Member States shall bring into force the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with

this Directive in good time so that the measures provided for by this Directive may be put into effect not later than 1 January 1993. They shall forthwith inform the Commission and the other Member States of the measures taken.

When Member States adopt these measures, they shall contain a reference to this Directive or shall be accompanied by such reference on the occasion of their official publication. The methods of making such a reference shall be laid down by the Member States.

*Article 19*

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 18 June 1991.

*For the Council*

*The President*

G. WOHLFART

*ANNEX I*

- I. For the purposes of this Directive, 'weapon' means :
- any firearm as defined in section II of this Annex,
  - weapons other than firearms as defined in national legislation.

- II. For the purposes of this Directive, 'firearm' means :

- A. Any object which falls into one of the following categories, unless it meets the definition but is excluded for one of the reasons listed in section III.

*Category A — Prohibited firearms*

1. Explosive military missiles and launchers.
2. Automatic firearms.
3. Firearms disguised as other objects.
4. Ammunition with penetrating, explosive or incendiary projectiles, and the projectiles for such ammunition.
5. Pistol and revolver ammunition with expanding projectiles and the projectiles for such ammunition, except in the case of weapons for hunting or for target shooting, for persons entitled to use them.

*Category B — Firearms subject to authorization*

1. Semi-automatic or repeating short firearms.
2. Single-shot short firearms with centre-fire percussion.
3. Single-shot short firearms with rimfire percussion whose overall length is less than 28 cm.
4. Semi-automatic long firearms whose magazine and chamber can together hold more than three rounds.
5. Semi-automatic long firearms whose magazine and chamber cannot together hold more than three rounds, where the loading device is removable or where it is not certain that the weapon cannot be converted, with ordinary tools, into a weapon whose magazine and chamber can together hold more than three rounds.
6. Repeating and semi-automatic long firearms with smooth-bore barrels not exceeding 60 cm in length.
7. Semi-automatic firearms for civilian use which resemble weapons with automatic mechanisms.

*Category C — Firearms subject to declaration*

1. Repeating long firearms other than those listed in category B, point 6.
2. Long firearms with single-shot rifled barrels.
3. Semi-automatic long firearms other than those in category B, points 4 to 7.
4. Single-shot short firearms with rimfire percussion whose overall length is not less than 28 cm.

*Category D — Other firearms*

Single-shot long firearms with smooth-bore barrels.

- B. Any essential component of such firearms :

The breach-closing mechanism, the chamber and the barrel of a firearm which, being separate objects, are included in the category of the firearms on which they are or are intended to be mounted.

- III. For the purposes of this Annex objects which correspond to the definition of a 'firearm' shall not be included in that definition if they :

- (a) have been rendered permanently unfit for use by the application of technical procedures which are guaranteed by an official body or recognized by such a body ;
- (b) are designed for alarm, signalling, life-saving, animal slaughter or harpoon fishing or for industrial or technical purposes provided that they can be used for the stated purpose only ;
- (c) are regarded as antique weapons or reproductions of such where these have not been included in the previous categories and are subject to national laws.

Pending coordination throughout the Community, Member States may apply their national laws to the firearms listed in this Section.

## IV. For the purposes of this Annex :

- (a) 'short firearm' means a firearm with a barrel not exceeding 30 centimetres or whose overall length does not exceed 60 centimetres ;
  - (b) 'long firearm' means any firearm other than a short firearm ;
  - (c) 'automatic firearm' means a firearm which reloads automatically each time a round is fired and can fire more than one round with one pull on the trigger ;
  - (d) 'semi-automatic firearm' means a firearm which reloads automatically each time a round is fired and can fire only one round with one pull on the trigger ;
  - (e) 'repeating firearm' means a firearm which after a round has been fired is designed to be reloaded from a magazine or cylinder by means of a manually-operated action ;
  - (f) 'single-shot firearm' means a firearm with no magazine which is loaded before each shot by the manual insertion of a round into the chamber or a loading recess at the breech of the barrel ;
  - (g) 'ammunition with penetrating projectiles' means ammunition for military use where the projectile is jacketed and has a penetrating hard core ;
  - (h) 'ammunition with explosive projectiles' means ammunition for military use where the projectile contains a charge which explodes on impact ;
  - (i) 'ammunition with incendiary projectiles' means ammunition for military use where the projectile contains a chemical mixture which bursts into flame on contact with the air or on impact.
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*ANNEX II***EUROPEAN FIREARMS PASS**

The pass must include the following sections :

- (a) identity of the holder ;
- (b) identification of the weapon or firearm, including a reference to the category within the meaning of the Directive ;
- (c) period of validity of the pass ;
- (d) section for use by the Member State issuing the pass (type and references of authorizations, etc.) ;
- (e) section for entries by other Member States (authorizations to enter their territory, etc.) ;
- (f) the statements :

'The right to travel to another Member State with one or more of the firearms in categories B, C or D mentioned in this pass shall be subject to one or more prior corresponding authorizations from the Member State visited. This or these authorizations may be recorded on the pass.

The prior authorization referred to above is not in principle necessary in order to travel with a firearm in categories C or D with a view to engaging in hunting or with a firearm in categories B, C or D for the purpose of taking part in target shooting, on condition that the traveller is in possession of the firearms pass and can establish the reason for the journey.'

Where a Member State has informed the other Member States, in accordance with Article 8 (3), that the possession of certain firearms in categories B, C or D is prohibited or subject to authorization, one of the following statements shall be added :

'A journey to ... (State(s) concerned) with the firearm ... (identification) shall be prohibited.'

'A journey to ... (State(s) concerned) with the firearm ... (identification) shall be subject to authorization.'

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## COUNCIL DECISION

of 8 July 1991

concerning the provisional application of the Agreed Minute amending the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Thailand on trade in textile products

(91/478/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, pending the completion of the procedures necessary for its conclusion, the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Thailand on trade in textile products, initialled on 28 June 1986, has been provisionally applied since 1 January 1987 in accordance, with regard to the Community, with Decision 87/460/EEC<sup>(1)</sup>;

Whereas, by an Agreed Minute<sup>(2)</sup> between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Thailand of 21 April 1988, the parties agreed to introduce additional reserved quantities for textile categories 4 and 5;

Whereas the 1986 Textile Agreement provides for the possibility of re-examining quantitative adjustments to the quotas for certain categories, in order to allow for the introduction of the harmonized system;

Whereas, following consultations between the Community and Thailand, an Agreed Minute merging, with effect from 1 January 1989, the additional reserved quantities with the basic quotas on products of categories 4 and 5 provided for in the Textile Agreement was initialled by the parties on 26 September 1990;

Whereas, pending the completion of the procedures necessary for the conclusion of the 1986 Textile Agreement and the former Agreed Minutes of 25 March 1988<sup>(3)</sup> and 21 April 1988, the Agreed Minute of 26 September

1990 should be applied provisionally, with effect from 26 September 1990, provided that there is a reciprocal provisional application on the part of the Kingdom of Thailand,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

*Article 1*

Pending the completion of the procedures necessary for its conclusion, the Agreed Minute of 26 September 1990 amending the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Thailand on trade in textile products shall be applied provisionally in the Community, with effect from 26 September 1990, provided that there is reciprocal provisional application on the part of the Kingdom of Thailand.

The text of the Agreed Minute is attached to this Decision.

*Article 2*

The Commission is invited to seek the agreement of the Government of the Kingdom of Thailand on the provisional application of the Agreed Minute referred to in Article 1 and to notify the Council thereof.

Done at Brussels, 8 July 1991.

*For the Council**The President*

W. KOK

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 255, 5. 9. 1987, p. 127.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 95, 8. 4. 1989, p. 30.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No L 95, 8. 4. 1989, p. 28.

## AGREED MINUTE

1. Delegations of the European Economic Community and of the Kingdom of Thailand met in Brussels on 24 to 26 September 1990, in accordance with the provisions of Article 16 of the Agreement on Trade in Textile Products initialled on 28 June 1986 and provisionally applied since 1 January 1987, in order to examine the latter's request to amend the Agreed Minute signed by both Parties on 21 April 1988.
2. The two Parties agreed to eliminate, with effect from 1 January 1989, the distinction between direct quantitative limits for categories 4 and 5, set out in Annex II of the abovementioned Agreement, and the additional reserved quantities agreed between the Parties on 21 April 1988 for the same categories.
3. After merging the direct quotas and the additional reserved quantities for categories 4 and 5, the direct quantitative limits for these categories as set out in Annex II of the Agreement, as amended, will be the following :

Category	Unit	Year	Quota
4	1 000 pieces	1989	18 489
		1990	19 436
		1991	20 434
5	1 000 pieces	1989	13 098
		1990	13 790
		1991	14 518

Done at Brussels, 26 September 1990.

*Head of Delegation of the  
European Economic Community*

*Head of Delegation  
the Kingdom of Thailand*